Gas Winter Outlook 2015 / 16







BIEE 14th October 2015 Simon Durk

Why do we prepare a winter outlook?

As the GB System Operator, part of our role is to provide credible analysis of how the energy sector might look based on the latest information available to us. This report draws together analysis and feedback from across the industry to present robust data and help optimise availability for the coming winter by ensuring the market is fully informed

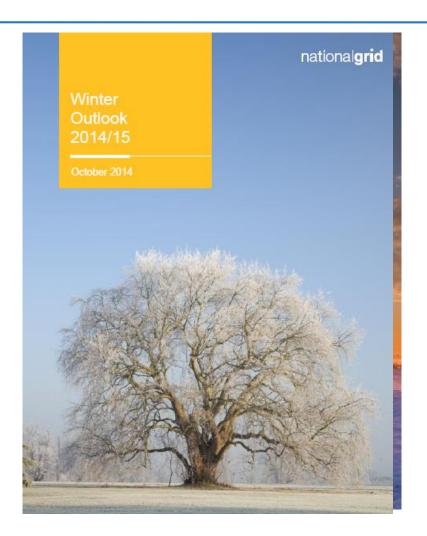
Who reads it?

- Winter Outlook
- Summer Outlook
- FES

- >1500 downloads
- **<**100
- **4**,500

How do we write it?

- Winter Consultation
 - Review
 - Preview
 - Consultation
- Winter Outlook

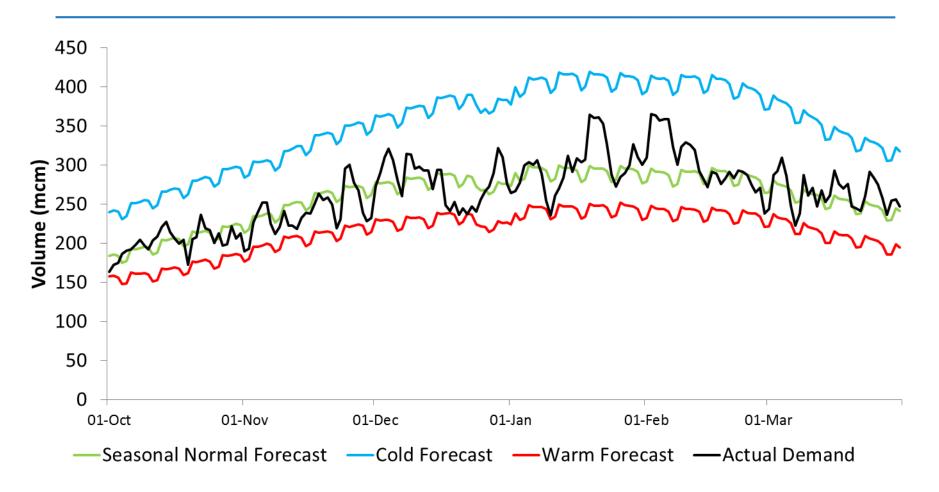




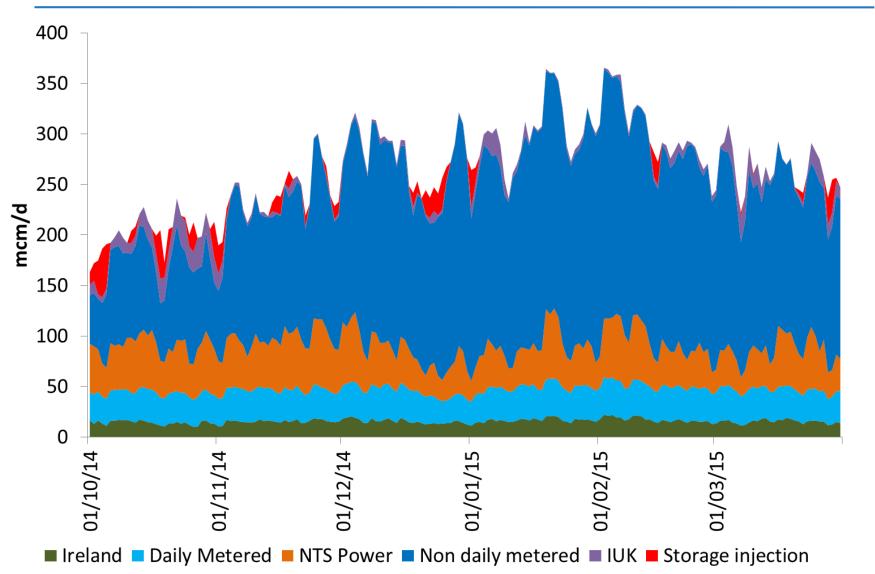
Review: Gas Demand

What we said in the	What actually	Why there was a
Winter Outlook Report	happened	difference
Projected demand of 47.5	Actual demand was 47.5	Total demand was aligned
bcm over winter.	bcm.	as deviations in non-daily
		metered and power
Peaks not to exceed 425	Maximum daily demand of	generation demand offset
mcm/day.	366 mcm/day.	each other.

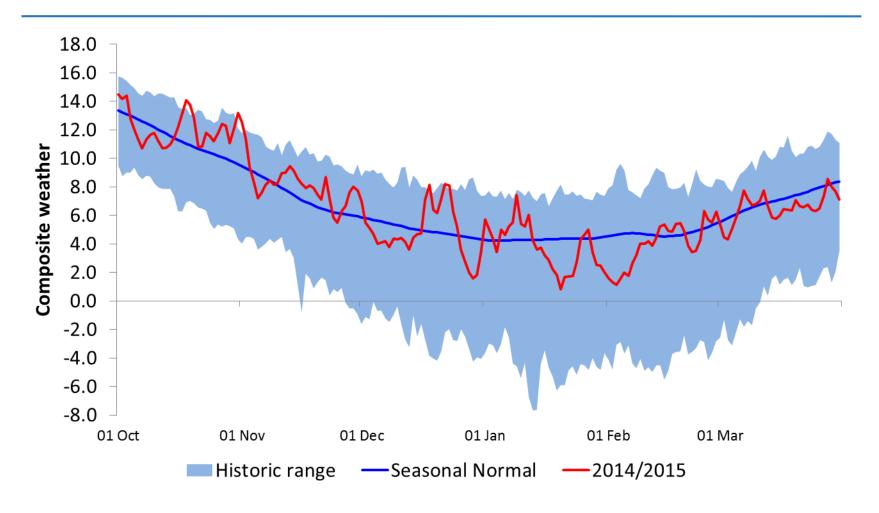
Observed Gas Demand



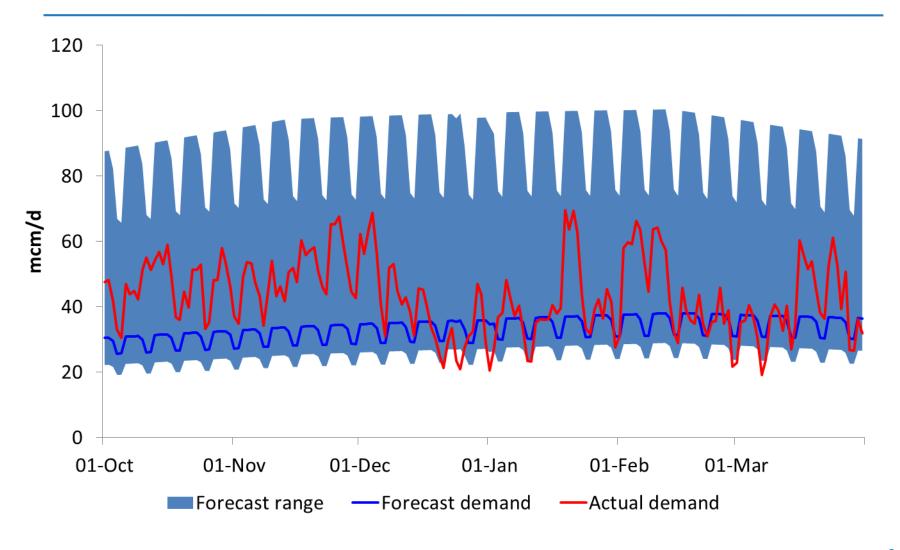
Gas demand breakdown



Weather



Gas for Power Generation

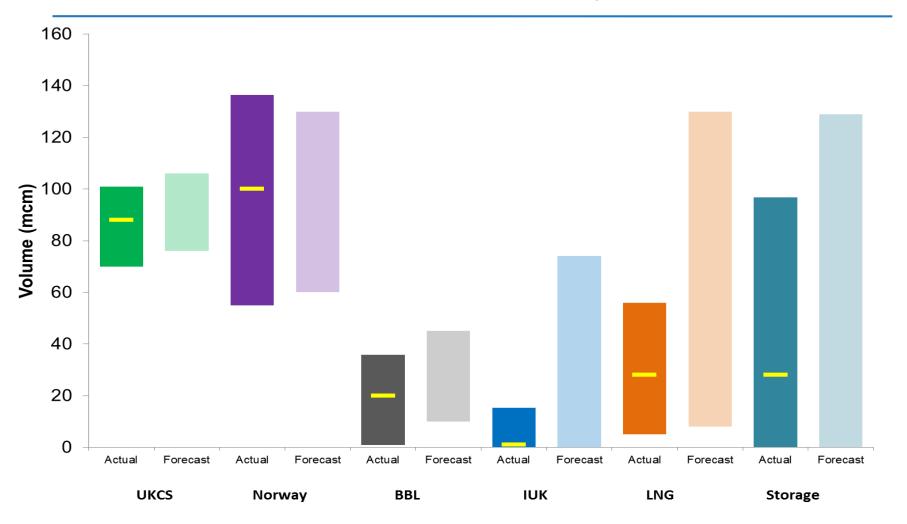




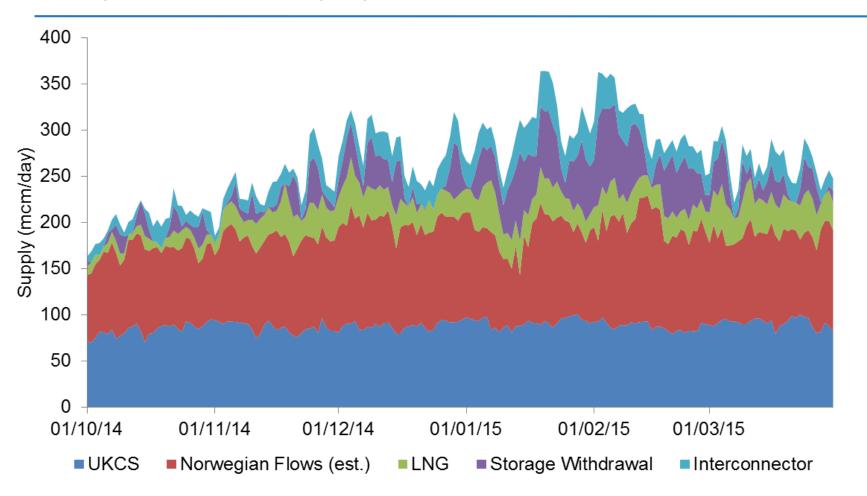
Review: Gas Supply

What we said in the	What actually Why there was a		
Winter Outlook Report	happened	difference	
Supply patterns to be similar	UKCS and Norwegian gas	Asian and European prices	
to 2013/14 and range of	similar to last year.	converged. Continental	
supply options to meet peak	More supply from LNG	supplies reduced, possibly in	
demand.	Less supply from continental	response to restrictions on	
	Europe.	the Groningen field in the	
		Netherlands .	
No disruption from Russia	There was no interruption to	No supply issues, in line with	
except with full Russian	supplies of Russian gas to	analysis.	
interruption in cold weather.	Europe.		

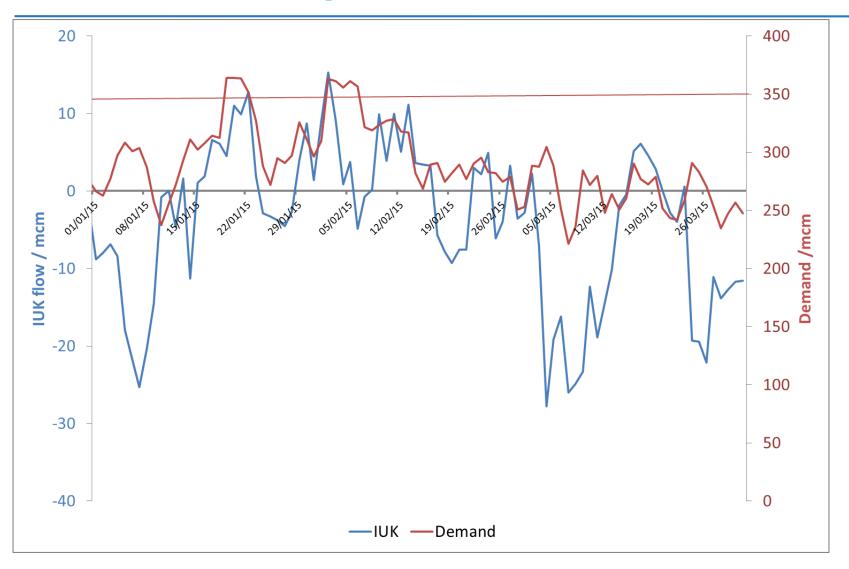
Actual and forecast supplies by source



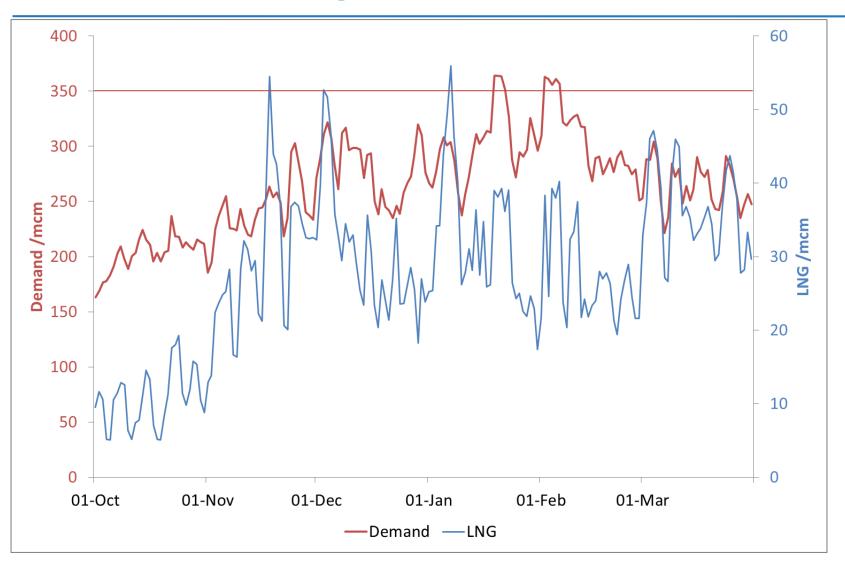
Daily supplies by type



IUK at times of high demand



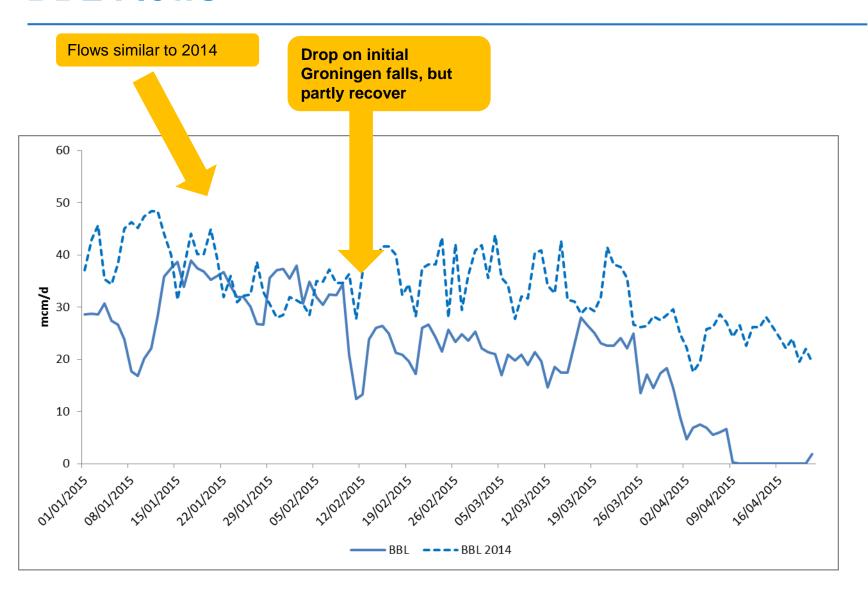
LNG at times of high demand



BBL and Groningen

- Groningen is the largest field in Europe
- 53 bcm in 2013
- Restrictions due to earthquakes
- 30 bcm in 2015
- Low calorific value gas (L-Gas) used for residential heating and export to DE, FR, BE
- Not suitable for BBL export
- High Calorific gas (H-Gas) can be converted

BBL Flows



Preview: Gas demand

- No spoilers!
- FES has lower demand in 2016 than 2015
- Coal and gas prices reviewed since FES
 - Coal/Gas switching for electricity generation more likely

Preview: Gas Supply

(mom/d)	20′	2014/15		2015/16	
(mcm/d)	Range	350+ Range	Range	Cold Day	
UKCS	70 - 100	85 - 97	70 - 112	100	
Norway	55 - 136	88 -132	60 - 136	110	
BBL	1 - 36	3 - 13	1 - 45	40	
IUK	0 - 15	0 -15	0 - 74	45	
LNG Imports	5 - 56	25 - 40	5 - 100	50	
Total NSS				345	
Storage	0 - 97	66 - 95	0 - 136		

Margins Notice

Date & Day Number	Demand Forecast	NSS Assumption
09/10/2015 (D-1)	220	345
10/10/2015 (D-2)	218	345
11/10/2015 (D-3)	220	345
12/10/2015 (D-4)	222	345
13/10/2015 (D-5)	225	345

Storage		
Min Use	Max Use	
#N/A	129	
#N/A	127	
#N/A	123	
#N/A	120	
#N/A	107	

Total		
Min Use	Max Use	
#N/A	474	
#N/A	472	
#N/A	468	
#N/A	465	
#N/A	452	

Consultation

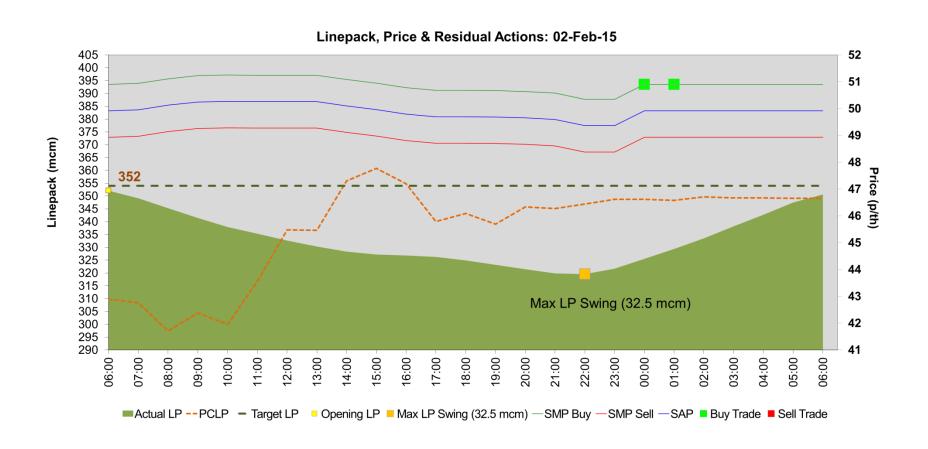
- Questions on
 - Supply projections
 - Rough
 - Groningen
 - Ukraine
 - ...
- 13 responses
- Six via Survey Monkey
- Three written responses with detail on gas supply

Operational challenges: Linepack

- Gas that is in the NTS
- Incentive to meet predicted closing linepack
- We have to meet assured pressures
- UNC expects flat flows but shippers only have to balance on the gas day

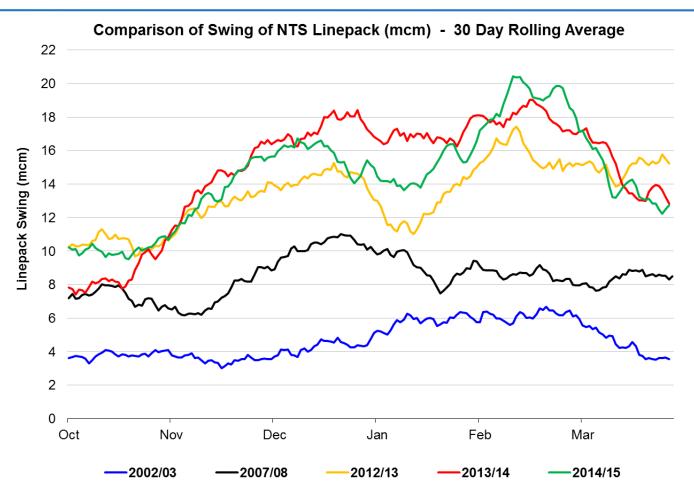


Gas Day Chart





30 Day Rolling Average LP Swing



Linepack Swing	Winter 2002/03	Winter 2007/08	Winter 2012/13	Winter 2013/14	Winter 2014/15
Maximum	18.9	18.7	29.9	28.7	38.6
Average	4.7	8.6	13.9	15.3	14.7

On the Watch List

- Gas/Coal Switching
- Groningen and BBL
- Storage use
- Ukraine
- El Niño