Regulatory Policy Developments

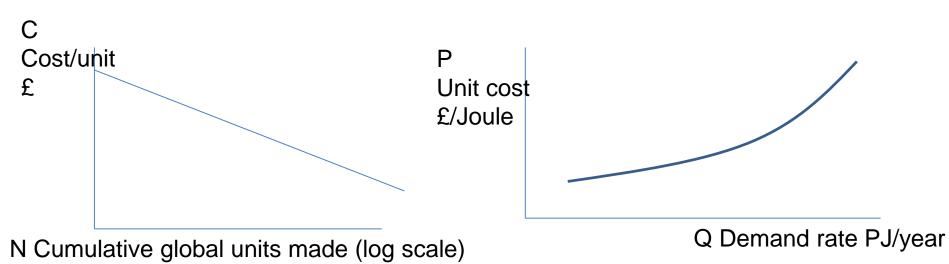
Chris Harris British Institute of Energy Economics Energy Policy - Is There a Plan? London – September 2017



Selected Key Global Energy Themes*

- Faster mobility revolution
- Alternative pathways to low carbon world
- Risk to gas demand
- Post peak decline in oil demand?
- Will power dominate energy demand growth

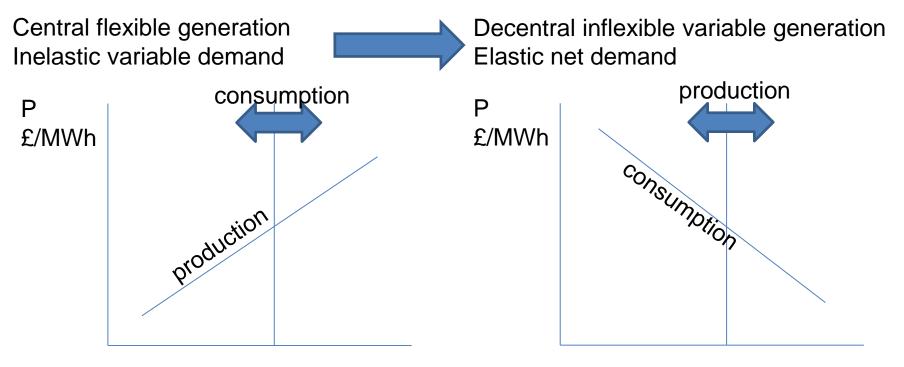
The global trend affects the cost environment in the UK (oil, carbon, natural gas, hydrogen, interconnector power import, batteries, photovoltaic, electric cars, carbon capture and storage, renewable power)



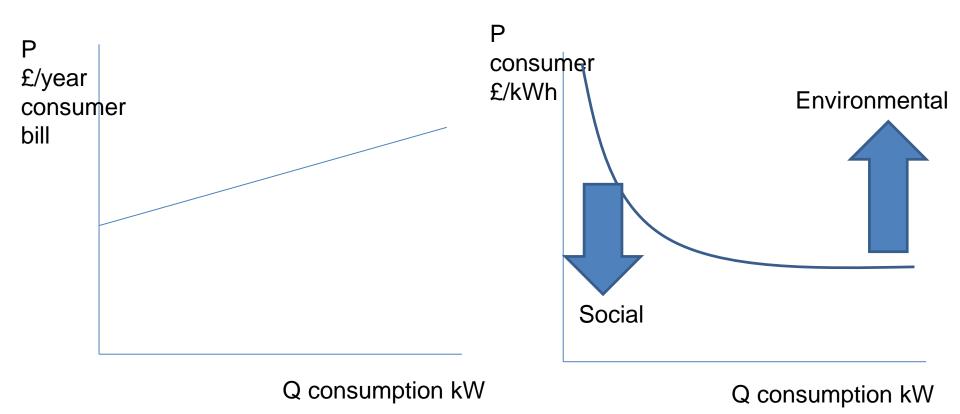
*BP Energy Outlook 2017

The Familiar Essentials

Clean (Low carbon, air quality) Secure (Adequacy, Resilience) Affordable (Fuel Poverty, Industry competition)



GB power and gas policy - Current cost-price environment needs



Reduce fixed infrastructure costs

Continue relaxation of regulatory policy of socialising costs and suppressing price signals

Provide financial support for Low Income Low Consuming

Provide efficiency measures for Low Income High Consuming

Three elements of regulatory policy

- Infrastructure
- Fiscal welfare
- Engagement

Emerging from...

Ρ

Willingness to pay £/kWh (Log scale)	Post nationalised utilities Centralised production infrastructure Generation by steam	
£100,000	Perfect Grid SynchronousMinimal round turn storageLightSynchronous ElectricityMinimal latent storage by demand timing	
£10,000	ICT Electricity (communication, computing) Minimal thermal storage Incandescent lighting Land line telephony	
£1000	Static computing Industrial load	
£100	Oil Regular commuting High then medium carbon intensity	
£1	(machines, motors,	
£0.1	transport)	
£0.01	Heat <mark>Gas</mark> (space, water)	

Q consumption volume Watts (Log scale)

Moving to....Post liberalisation utility model

P Willingness to pay £/kWh (Log scale)		Renewable generation Decentralised production Electrical storage at all scales Latent storage by demand response Thermal storage Smart meters and connected homes LED lighting Mobile telephony Mobile computing Gig-green economy load Flexible working Electric transport capability Local and peer to peer trading Medium to very low carbon intensity Biogas ? Hydrogen ? CH4/CCS? Gig economy entrants in power complex ure Electricity and/or low carbon gas Heat
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Q consumption volume Watts (Log scale)

The policy decision in global context

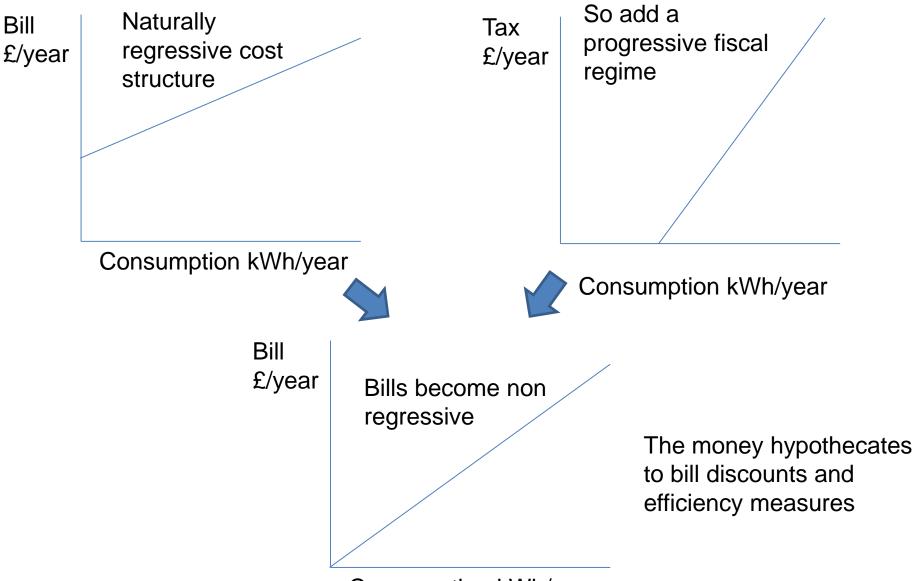
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The "once per generation" no regret energy policy decision is what infrastructure is needed for winter space heat and is that consistent with a low carbon transport infrastructure

The need to build infrastructure and reduce fixed costs for stranded infrastructure and the need to test solutions means that we need to try out some large scale multi vector (power, heat, transport and possibly water) solutions at scale and learn quickly

Power infrastructure unlikely to be stranded but there is a risk for gas

Fiscal-welfare solutions



Consumption kWh/year

Regulatory Policy for Consumer/Prosumer Engagement

- Markets deliver "first best" economic surplus, which can be shared, but less good at "second best" social outcomes, and fail when asked to deliver outcomes under multiple complex constraints
- The "predict and provide" universal service utility model cannot effectively deliver efficiency, innovation or private sector investment

Universal empowerment of consumer participation in the energy market is critically important for the Low Carbon Transition and deliverable in smart

So release (i.e. stop suppressing) the cost reflective commercial signals for prices that vary strongly across time and space, put in place the enabling regulatory and market framework, support the necessary physical and technical innovation, let consumers experiment and place a safety net to protect the vulnerable ex post (without denying them the opportunity)

Thanks

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The opinions are those of the author